

CONFIRMATION OF PERFECT G-QUADRUPLLEXES IN MYCOBACTERIA TUBERCULOSIS BY ALPHAFOLD 3 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

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The problem

G-quadruplexes (G4s) are non-canonical structures formed in guanine-rich sequences of nucleic acids, stabilized by stacking interactions of planar G-tetrads and monovalent metal ions. Until now, only experimental methods have been used to confirm structure of such alternative elements.

Introduction

The goal of the present study was the determination those G4s from a number of putative perfect G-quadruplexes formed by four G-quartets in the sense strand of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* (MTB) H37Rv DNA, the 3D models of which were confirmed by the AlphaFold 3 artificial intelligence.

Methods

QGRS Mapper software was used for searching motifs of G4s. 3D models of G4s were built by the AlphaFold 3 (J. Abramson et al, 2024) for 10 K⁺ ions. For a reliability of the 3D model prediction in AlphaFold 3 the pLDDT parameter was used. A pLDDT value for a high level of model confidence should be over 90 on a scale from 0 to 100.

Results

11 conserved putative G-quadruplexes of four G-tetrads were found in the DNA sense strand of MTB H37Rv isolate with complete genome (Table 1).

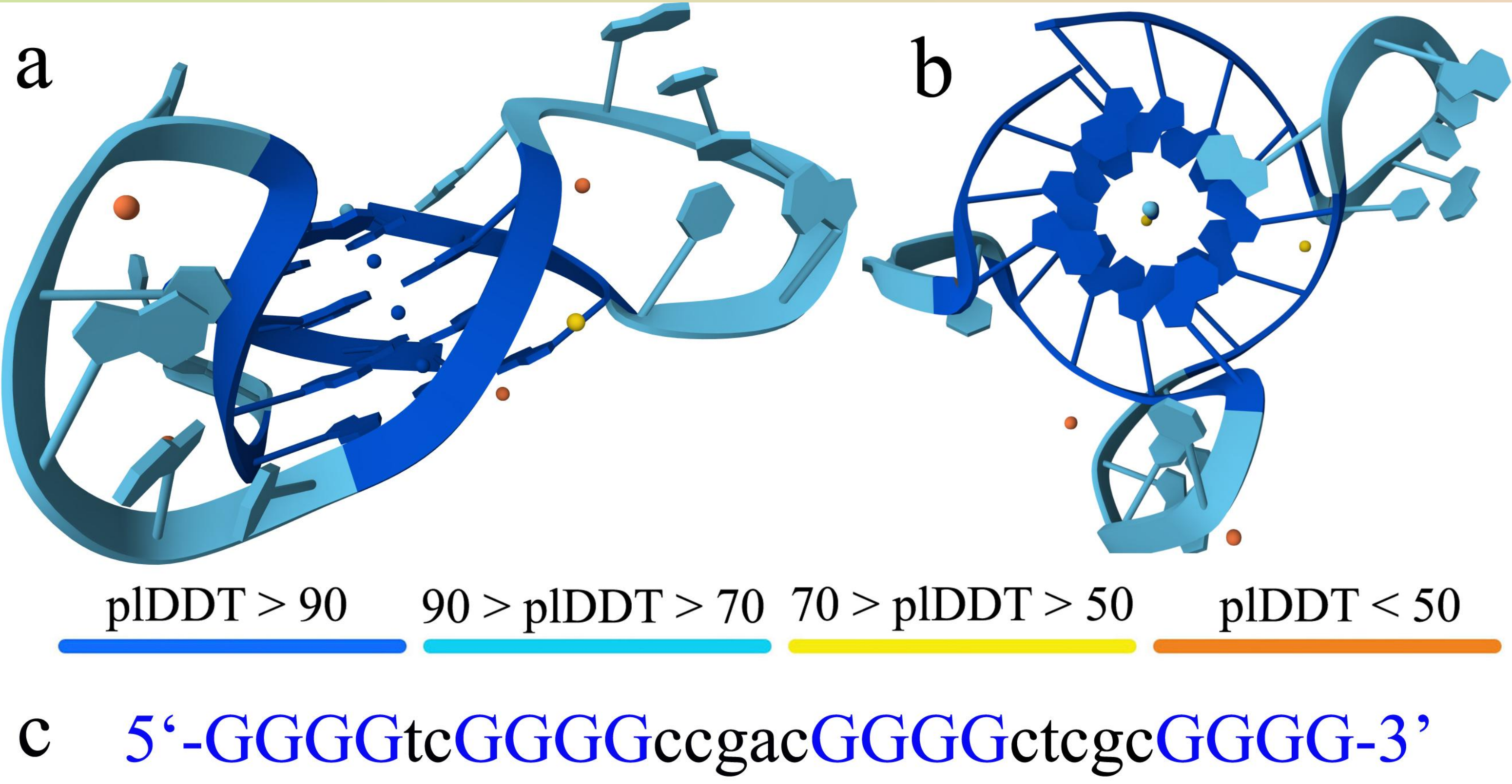


Fig. 2. G-quadruplex (pLDDT>90) is formed by four G-tetrads at position 1091957-1091984 of the *rpsL* gene of DNA sense strand of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* H37Rv isolate: side view (a) and top view (b); conservative motif of the putative G-quadruplex (c).

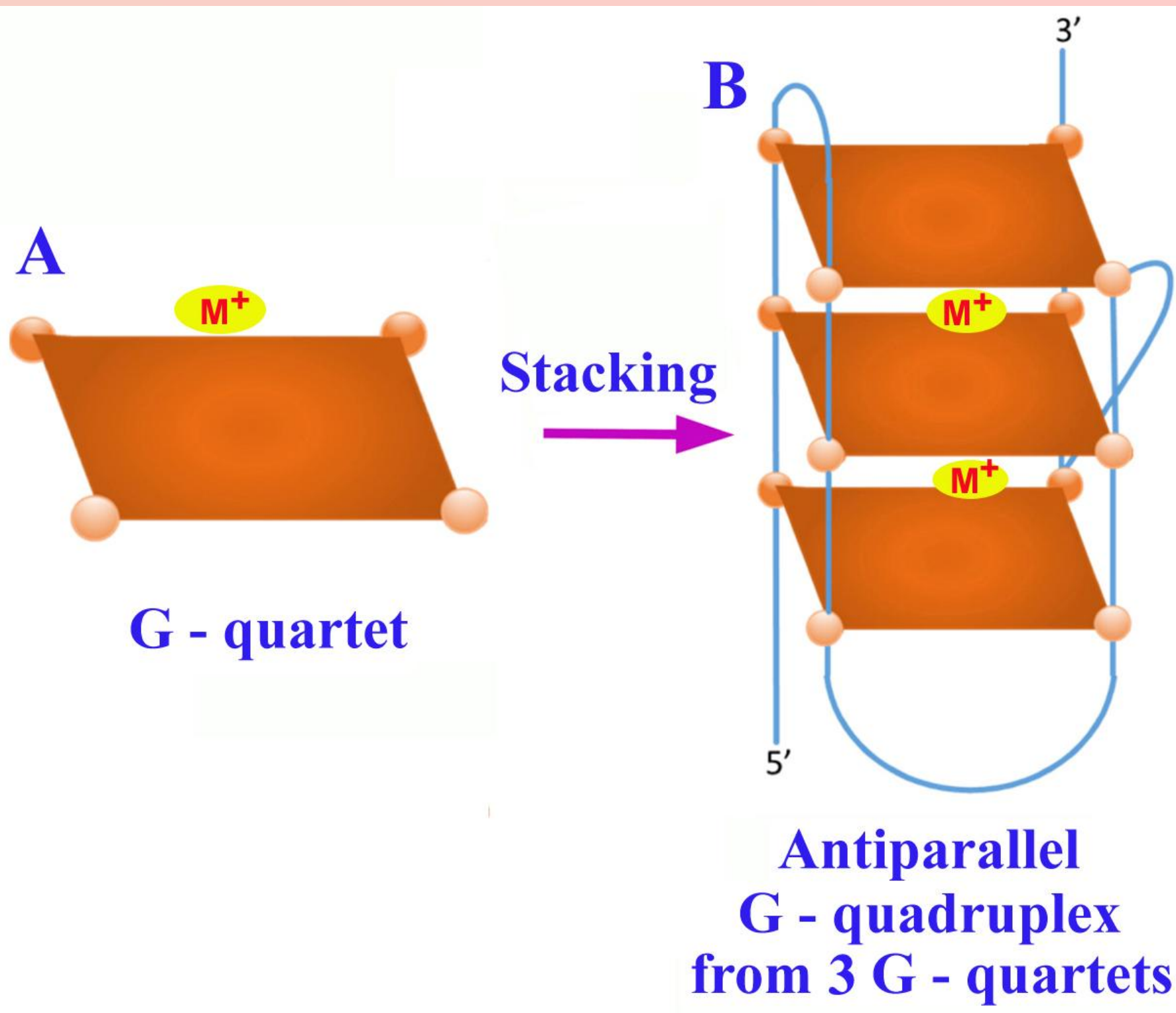


Fig. 1. Intramolecular antiparallel G-quadruplex structure (B) formed by stacking of two three G-quartets (A) and stabilized by monovalent cations.

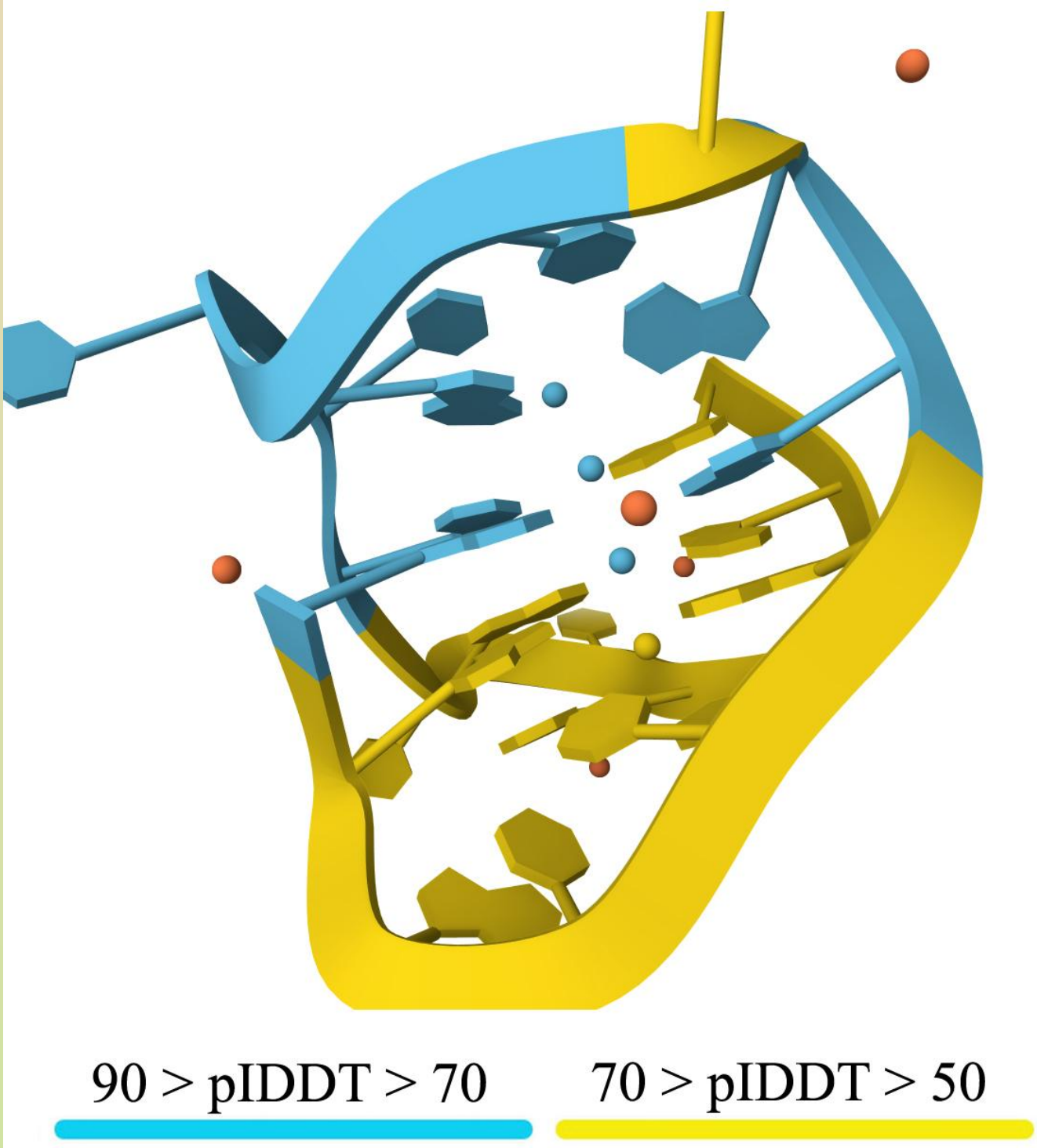


Fig. 3. G-quadruplex (70 > pLDDT > 50) in the *mexC* gene of the gram-positive bacterium *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* was used as a control of the confidence of AlphaFold 3 models. This G4 was experimentally confirmed by NMR spectroscopy (Evans et al, 2023).

Conclusion

AlphaFold 3 is a powerfull technique for determining biopolymer structure with precise accuracy of experimental methods.

Table 1. Conservative sequences of putative G-quadruplexes in DNA sense strand of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* H37Rv isolate. G-rich fragments of sequences for G4s are underlined.

Position	G-quadruplex motif	G-score	pLDDT	Number of MTB isolates with 100% identity by BLAST
86591	<u>GGGG</u> CCCGCAAGCTGT <u>GGGG</u> GTTAC <u>GGGG</u> TTATGCGGAGGT <u>GGGG</u>	101	70 > pLDDT > 50	727
149893	<u>GGGG</u> CGCC <u>GGGG</u> ACTGGGCAGGCCGGC <u>GGGG</u> CTGG <u>GGGG</u>	97	70 > pLDDT > 50	Not found by BLAST
308373	<u>GGGG</u> CT <u>GGGG</u> CTGGAGTT <u>GGGG</u> TG <u>GGGG</u>	102	70 > pLDDT > 50	729
410379	<u>GGGG</u> TCGGC <u>GGGG</u> CAACCGCGGCC <u>GGGG</u> TCGGC <u>GGGG</u>	102	pLDDT < 50,	709
833353	<u>GGGG</u> CGCC <u>GGGG</u> ACC <u>GGGG</u> CCGCCGGC <u>GGGG</u>	103	90 > pLDDT > 70	648
926930	<u>GGGG</u> CTGGC <u>GGGG</u> AGGGC <u>GGGG</u> CCGGC <u>GGGG</u>	108	70 > pLDDT > 50	507
1091957	<u>GGGG</u> TC <u>GGGG</u> CCGAC <u>GGGG</u> GTCGC <u>GGGG</u> (Fig. 2)	105	pLDDT > 90	629
3861910	<u>GGGG</u> CCGCC <u>GGGG</u> TTTGCGGGGCT <u>GGGG</u>	105	pLDDT > 90	632
3928213	<u>GGGG</u> CCGGC <u>GGGG</u> CCGGC <u>GGGG</u> CCGGC <u>GGGG</u>	108	70 > pLDDT > 50	Not found by BLAST
4149169	<u>GGGG</u> CCCATGCCT <u>GGGG</u> GAG <u>GGGG</u> TCCGCC <u>GGGG</u>	102	90 > pLDDT > 70	719
4359136	<u>GGGG</u> TTCCC <u>GGGG</u> TGATC <u>GGGG</u> TTCCC <u>GGGG</u>	108	70 > pLDDT > 50	696